



工具使用篇：wpa_supplicant和wireless-tool



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本篇文章讲述下最常用的连接配置无线网络的工具:wireless-tools 或wpa_supplicant。下面说下这两个工具的使用方法

wpa_supplicant

1. wpa_supplicant是一个开源项目，已经被移植到Linux，Windows以及很多嵌入式系统上。它是WPA的应用层认证客户端，负责完成认证相关的登录、加密等工作。
2. wpa_supplicant是一个独立运行的守护进程，其核心是一个消息循环，在消息循环中处理WPA状态机、控制命令、驱动事件、配置信息等。

wpa_supplicant依赖于openssl库，所以在编译wpa_supplicant前要先编译安装下openssl 3.0库。经过编译后的wpa_supplicant源程序可以看到两个主要的可执行工具：wpa_supplicant和wpa_cli。wpa_supplicant是核心服务程序，它和wpa_cli的关系就是服务端和客户端的关系：后台运行wpa_supplicant。wpa_cli通过wpa_request里的send向wpa_supplicant进程发出搜索，设置，连接网络命令并得到结果

如何用wpa_supplicant连接一个WiFi热点？

当加载完wlan驱动后，首先起的就是wpa_supplicant服务端的守护进程

其运行wpa_supplicant 命令如下：

```
/usr/bin/wpa_supplicant -d -Dnl80211 -iwlan0 -c/etc/wpa_supplicant.conf -B

/usr/bin/wpa_supplicant : wpa_supplicant可执行程序path

-d : debug 增加调试信息

-D : driver 可选指定的驱动程序，nl80211是当前的标准，但并非所有无线芯片的模块都支持它；wext

-i : interface 网络接口名称 wlan0

-c : filename -c是读取配置文件/etc/wpa_supplicant.conf

-B: 后台运行
```

```
wpa_supplicant.conf是配置文件内容，如果用wpa_cli配置网络的话，至少要保证以下两行在配置文件
# 指定socket路径方便和hostapd_cli通信
ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
# 使用wpa_supplicant来扫描和选择AP
ap_scan=1
```

```
# 存储已连接的SSID密码(非必须写入,但一般也要写入),不然使用不了wpa_cli save_config
update_config=1
```

连接不加密的SSID的配置文件

```
ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
ap_scan=1

network={
    ssid="NONE_TEST"
    key_mgmt=NONE
}
```

连接WPA2-PSK/WPA-PSK的SSID的配置文件

```
ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
ap_scan=1

network={
    ssid="WPA2_PSK_TEST"
    key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
    psk="11111111"
}
```

连接WPA3-PSE的SSID的配置文件

```
ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
update_config=1
ap_scan=1

network={
    ssid="WPA3_PSE_TEST"
    key_mgmt=SAE
    psk="11111111"
    ieee80211w=2
}
```

上述方法将指定的SSID的配置信息写进wpa_supplicant.conf配置文件里,每次启机不需要在配置无线网络直接起DHCP进程即可获取网络,不过该方法不够灵活,下面的方法可以随意指定连入任何加密方式的热点

wpa_cli配置连接不加密的SSID

```
wpa_cli -i wlan0 add_network
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 ssid "NONE_TEST"
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 key_mgmt NONE
wpa_cli -i wlan0 enable_network 0
```

wpa_cli配置连接WPA2-PSK的SSID

```
wpa_cli -i wlan0 add_network
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 ssid "WPA2_PSK_TEST"
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 key_mgmt WPA2-PSK
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 psk "11111111"
wpa_cli -i wlan0 enable_network 0
```

wpa_cli配置连接WPA3-PSE的SSID

```
wpa_cli -i wlan0 add_network
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 ssid '"WPA3_PSE_TEST"'
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 key_mgmt SAE
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 psk '"11111111"'
wpa_cli -i wlan0 set_network 0 ieee80211w 2
wpa_cli -i wlan0 enable_network 0
```

其他常用的wpa_cli的命令

```
# wpa_cli status //查看网络状态
Selected interface 'wlan0'
bssid=00:0b:82:a4:2d:f2
freq=5745
ssid=WPA2_PSK_TEST
id=1
mode=station
wifi_generation=5
pairwise_cipher=CCMP
group_cipher=CCMP
key_mgmt=WPA2-PSK
wpa_state=COMPLETED
ip_address=192.168.132.136
address=c0:74:ad:e8:5e:60
ieee80211ac=1

# wpa_cli scan //打开搜索周围WiFi热点扫描信息
Selected interface 'wlan0'
OK

# wpa_cli scan_results //列出热点扫描结果
c2:74:ad:79:f1:0d 2412 -61 [WPA2-PSK-CCMP][ESS] 8888
c2:74:ad:69:f1:0d 2412 -62 [WPA2-PSK-CCMP][ESS] 7777
c2:74:ad:49:f0:85 2462 -63 [WPA2-PSK-CCMP][ESS] 5555
c2:74:ad:9e:a0:b9 2437 -64 [WPA2-PSK-CCMP][ESS] ygz1111

# wpa_cli list_network //查看当前设备下当前记住几个SSID
Selected interface 'wlan0'
network id / ssid / bssid / flags
0 wp_master any
1 WPA2_TEST any [CURRENT]
2 WPA3_TEST any

# wpa_cli enable_network $NET_ID //使能哪个net_id
# wpa_cli select_network $NET_ID //切换使用哪个net_id
# wpa_cli remove_network $NET_ID //忘记某个net_id, 也就是忘记哪个SSID

# wpa_cli disconnect //断开网络连接
# wpa_cli reconfigure //wpa_supplicant进程起来的时候再次重新加载配置文件/etc/wpa_supp
# wpa_cli save_config //保存已连过的状态及优先级
# wpa_cli reconnect // 重新连接

一接入USB无线网卡, 就自动执行wpa_supplicant等
可以用热插拔mdev机制

一连接WIFI AP, 就自动执行dhclient, 可以写脚本后台监测
# wpa_cli -a/sbin/wpa_action.sh -B //后台监测脚本wpa_action.sh
```

wireless-tool也是比较常用的工具

WirelessTools (WT)就是用来操作对无线网卡进行配置的工具集, 编译时依赖于libnl库, wpa_cli几乎可以配置连接所有无线网卡,但是WirelessTools不一定可以操作所有无线网卡, 它包括以下工具:

iwconfig: 设置基本无线参数, 是无线标准ioctl用户态工具

iwlist: 扫描、列出频率, 比特率, 密钥等

iwspy: 获取每个节点链接的质量

iwpriv: iwpriv是iwconfig的辅助工具, 无线私有ioctl用户态工具

ifrename: 基于各种静态标准命名接口

通过以上工具实现对无线网络的监控、分析、以及测试WIFI网络。

常用的工具命令有以下这些:

```
iwlist 相关的
# iwlist
Usage: iwlist [interface] scanning [essid NNN] [last]
        [interface] frequency
        [interface] channel
        [interface] bitrate
        [interface] rate
        [interface] encryption
        [interface] keys
        [interface] power
        [interface] txpower
        [interface] retry
        [interface] ap
        [interface] accesspoints
        [interface] peers
        [interface] event
        [interface] auth
        [interface] wpakeys
        [interface] genie
        [interface] modulation

# iwlist wlan0 scan //列出区域内的无线网络
Cell 01 - Address: C2:74:AD:49:F0:85
        ESSID:"5555"
        Mode:Managed
        Frequency:2.462 GHz (Channel 11)
        Quality:2/5  Signal level:-72 dBm  Noise level:0 dBm
        IE: IEEE 802.11i/WPA2 Version 1
            Group Cipher : CCMP
            Pairwise Ciphers (1) : CCMP
            Authentication Suites (1) : PSK
        Encryption key:on
        Bit Rates:1 Mb/s; 2 Mb/s; 5.5 Mb/s; 6 Mb/s; 9 Mb/s
                11 Mb/s; 12 Mb/s; 18 Mb/s; 24 Mb/s; 36 Mb/s
                48 Mb/s; 54 Mb/s
Cell 02 - Address: C2:74:AD:42:F7:9A
        ESSID:"7777"
        Mode:Managed
        Frequency:5.765 GHz
        Quality:2/5  Signal level:-76 dBm  Noise level:0 dBm
        IE: IEEE 802.11i/WPA2 Version 1
            Group Cipher : CCMP
            Pairwise Ciphers (1) : CCMP
            Authentication Suites (1) : PSK
        Encryption key:on
        Bit Rates:6 Mb/s; 9 Mb/s; 12 Mb/s; 18 Mb/s; 24 Mb/s
                36 Mb/s; 48 Mb/s; 54 Mb/s
Cell 03 - Address: C2:74:AD:9E:A0:B9
        ESSID:"ygz1111"
        Mode:Managed
        Frequency:2.437 GHz (Channel 6)
        Quality:4/5  Signal level:-62 dBm  Noise level:0 dBm
        IE: IEEE 802.11i/WPA2 Version 1
            Group Cipher : CCMP
            Pairwise Ciphers (1) : CCMP
```

```

Authentication Suites (1) : PSK
Encryption key:on
Bit Rates:1 Mb/s; 2 Mb/s; 5.5 Mb/s; 6 Mb/s; 9 Mb/s
          11 Mb/s; 12 Mb/s; 18 Mb/s; 24 Mb/s; 36 Mb/s
          48 Mb/s; 54 Mb/s

# iwlist wlan0 rate //看协商速率
# iw wlan0 link 查看

iw相关的
# iw list # 查看本机支持的无线特性, such as band information (2.4 GHz, and 5 GHz),
iphy phy0
    wiphy index: 0
    max # scan SSIDs: 10
    max scan IEs length: 2048 bytes
    max # sched scan SSIDs: 0
    max # match sets: 0
    max # scan plans: 1
    max scan plan interval: -1

GSPHONE: read event: 16
    max scan plan iterations: 0

    Retry short limit: 7
GSPHONE: the changed link device index: 3, name is: wlan0 state: 1

    Retry long limit: 4
    Coverage class: 0 (up to 0m)
    Device supports roaming.
    Device supports T-DLS.
    Supported Ciphers:
        * WEP40 (00-0f-ac:1)
        * WEP104 (00-0f-ac:5)
        * TKIP (00-0f-ac:2)
        * CCMP-128 (00-0f-ac:4)
        * CMAC (00-0f-ac:6)
        * GMAC-256 (00-0f-ac:12)
        * GMAC-128 (00-0f-ac:11)
        * CMAC-256 (00-0f-ac:13)
        * 00-90-4c:0
        * GCMP-128 (00-0f-ac:8)
        * GCMP-256 (00-0f-ac:9)
        * GMAC-128 (00-0f-ac:11)
        * GMAC-256 (00-0f-ac:12)
    Available Antennas: TX 0 RX 0
    Supported interface modes:
        * IBSS
        * managed
        * AP
        * P2P-client
        * P2P-GO
        * P2P-device

    Band 1:
        Capabilities: 0x1020
            HT20
            Static SM Power Save
            RX HT20 SGI
            No RX STBC
            Max AMSDU length: 3839 bytes
            DSSS/CCK HT40

        Maximum RX AMPDU length 65535 bytes (exponent: 0x003)
        Minimum RX AMPDU time spacing: 16 usec (0x07)
        HT RX MCS rate indexes supported: 0-7
        HT TX MCS rate indexes are undefined
        Bitrates (non-HT):
            * 1.0 Mbps
            * 2.0 Mbps (short preamble supported)
            * 5.5 Mbps (short preamble supported)
            * 11.0 Mbps (short preamble supported)

```

- * 6.0 Mbps
- * 9.0 Mbps
- * 12.0 Mbps
- * 18.0 Mbps
- * 24.0 Mbps
- * 36.0 Mbps
- * 48.0 Mbps
- * 54.0 Mbps

Frequencies:

- * 2412 MHz [1] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2417 MHz [2] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2422 MHz [3] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2427 MHz [4] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2432 MHz [5] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2437 MHz [6] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2442 MHz [7] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2447 MHz [8] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2452 MHz [9] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2457 MHz [10] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2462 MHz [11] (20.0 dBm)
- * 2467 MHz [12] (disabled)
- * 2472 MHz [13] (disabled)
- * 2484 MHz [14] (disabled)

Band 2:

Capabilities: 0x1020

- HT20
- Static SM Power Save
- RX HT20 SGI
- No RX STBC
- Max AMSDU length: 3839 bytes
- DSSS/CCK HT40

Maximum RX AMPDU length 65535 bytes (exponent: 0x003)

Minimum RX AMPDU time spacing: 16 usec (0x07)

HT RX MCS rate indexes supported: 0-7

HT TX MCS rate indexes are undefined

VHT Capabilities (0x0f805132):

- Max MPDU length: 11454
- Supported Channel Width: neither 160 nor 80+80
- RX LDPC
- short GI (80 MHz)
- SU Beamformee

VHT RX MCS set:

- 1 streams: MCS 0-9
- 2 streams: not supported
- 3 streams: not supported
- 4 streams: not supported
- 5 streams: not supported
- 6 streams: not supported
- 7 streams: not supported
- 8 streams: not supported

VHT RX highest supported: 0 Mbps

VHT TX MCS set:

- 1 streams: MCS 0-9
- 2 streams: not supported
- 3 streams: not supported
- 4 streams: not supported
- 5 streams: not supported
- 6 streams: not supported
- 7 streams: not supported
- 8 streams: not supported

VHT TX highest supported: 0 Mbps

Bitrates (non-HT):

- * 6.0 Mbps
- * 9.0 Mbps
- * 12.0 Mbps
- * 18.0 Mbps
- * 24.0 Mbps
- * 36.0 Mbps

```

* 48.0 Mbps
* 54.0 Mbps
Frequencies:
* 5170 MHz [34] (disabled)
* 5180 MHz [36] (30.0 dBm)
* 5190 MHz [38] (disabled)
* 5200 MHz [40] (30.0 dBm)
* 5210 MHz [42] (disabled)
* 5220 MHz [44] (30.0 dBm)
* 5230 MHz [46] (disabled)
* 5240 MHz [48] (30.0 dBm)
* 5260 MHz [52] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5280 MHz [56] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5300 MHz [60] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5320 MHz [64] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5500 MHz [100] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5520 MHz [104] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5540 MHz [108] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5560 MHz [112] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5580 MHz [116] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5600 MHz [120] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5620 MHz [124] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5640 MHz [128] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5660 MHz [132] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5680 MHz [136] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5700 MHz [140] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5720 MHz [144] (30.0 dBm) (no IR, radar detection)
* 5745 MHz [149] (30.0 dBm)
* 5765 MHz [153] (30.0 dBm)
* 5785 MHz [157] (30.0 dBm)
* 5805 MHz [161] (30.0 dBm)
* 5825 MHz [165] (30.0 dBm)

```

Supported commands:

```

* new_interface
* set_interface
* new_key
* start_ap
* set_bss
* join_ibss
* set_pmksa
* del_pmksa
* flush_pmksa
* remain_on_channel
* frame
* frame_wait_cancel
* set_wiphy_netns
* set_channel
* tdls_mgmt
* tdls_oper
* start_p2p_device
* channel_switch
* connect
* disconnect

```

Supported TX frame types:

```

* IBSS: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x90 0xa0
* managed: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x90 0
* AP: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x90 0xa0 0
* AP/VLAN: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x90 0
* P2P-client: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x9
* P2P-GO: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x90 0x
* P2P-device: 0x00 0x10 0x20 0x30 0x40 0x50 0x60 0x70 0x80 0x9

```

Supported RX frame types:

```

* IBSS: 0xd0
* managed: 0x40 0xb0 0xd0
* AP: 0x00 0x20 0x40 0xa0 0xb0 0xc0 0xd0
* AP/VLAN: 0x00 0x20 0x40 0xa0 0xb0 0xc0 0xd0
* P2P-client: 0x40 0xd0
* P2P-GO: 0x00 0x20 0x40 0xa0 0xb0 0xc0 0xd0

```

```

* P2P-device: 0x40 0xd0
WoWLAN support:
* wake up on anything (device continues operating normally)
* wake up on pattern match, up to 8 patterns of 1-255 bytes,
  maximum packet offset 255 bytes
software interface modes (can always be added):
valid interface combinations:
* #{ AP } <= 2, #{ managed } <= 4, #{ P2P-client, P2P-GO } <=
  total <= 5, #channels <= 2
Device supports SAE with AUTHENTICATE command
Device supports scan flush.
Supported extended features:

# iw dev wlan0 link # 获取设备连接状态信息 (实测不包含IP地址)
Connected to 00:0b:82:a4:2d:f2 (on wlan0)
  SSID: WPA2_TEST
  freq: 5745
  RX: 4389770 bytes (23010 packets)
  TX: 918614 bytes (4140 packets)
  signal: -31 dBm
  rx bitrate: 200.0 MBit/s
  tx bitrate: 200.0 MBit/s

# iw wlan0 info # 获取设备工作状态信息
Interface wlan0
  ifindex 3
  wdev 0x1
  addr c0:74:ad:e8:5e:60
  ssid WP805_ROAM_TEST
  type managed
  wiphy 0
  txpower 31.00 dBm

# iw dev wlan0 set freq 2437 #修改wlan0频率
iw是替换iwconfig

iwconfig相关的
1、配置ssid
# iwconfig wlan0 essid liangym
2、配置mode
# iwconfig wlan0 mode Managed
# iwconfig wlan0 mode monitor
3、配置工作频率
iwconfig wlan0 freq 2422000000
iwconfig wlan0 freq 2.422G
iwconfig wlan0 channel 3
iwconfig wlan0 channel auto
3、配置网络
iwconfig wlan0 key xxxx //输入验证密码
iwconfig wlan0 key open //密码验证功能打开
iwconfig wlan0 essid "test" //设置ESSID
iwconfig wlan0 ap auto //加入无线网络

```

参考文章：[wpa_supplicant - 建筑维基 \(archlinux.org\)](https://wiki.archlinux.org/)

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参考链接：

linux 无线网络配置工具wpa_supplicant与wireless-tools .

blog.csdn.net/acs713/article/details/8218...



linux WIFI命令iwlist、iwconfig、iwpriv_panamera12的博客-CSDN博客

blog.csdn.net/wteruicybqqvwt/article/details/89678177

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网络工程师大彭

浅谈无线VLAN的设置

首先我们来看一个常见的错误配置方式 拓扑 需求1.网络拓扑如上图所示, AC是无线控制器, 其E1/0/1口连接着AP的LAN1口 2.按照 表1-1 完成无线网络的配置.使用户连接 WLAN使能够获取对应VLAN的...

一路有你

苹果手机怎么用usb共享网络搞了一天终于搞定

如果设备管理器是这种情况, 下ccleaner清除注册表搞定。如果显示苹果设备, 显示的是其他设备然后点开有黄色感叹号 1.打开设备管理器” 2.查看“通用串行总线控制器”, 看看有没有apple...

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